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Silicon nanowires: fabrication and quantitative dimensional characterisation by AFM

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Silicon nanowires (NWs) are fabricated by means of nanosphere lithography and metal-assisted chemical etching (MACE) to obtain high aspect ratio nanostructures.

This study reports an interlaboratory comparison on the measurements of dimensional parameters of nanowires by AFMs among some European National Metrology Institutes, since robust methods to measure nanowires is lacking.

The measurands investigated are NW diameter (measured as top-height) and sidewall roughness (Ra, Rq, Rz, Rsk, Rku parameters), extracted from the top profile along the nanowire length. In fact, both are key parameters to understand if the fabrication process was carried out in a correct way. Moreover, the knowledge of these parameters is essential to achieve the expected functional characteristic of energy harvesting systems.

In this work the reproducibility due to different instruments of exactly the same set of nanowires are studied.

Measurements show a good agreement, with a combined standard uncertainty of the diameter less than 3%, and well within 5% for Ra and Rq values. Concerning the roughness, no standard or guide exists for assessing the uncertainty associated with it, so we propose and investigate a new methodology based on Monte-Carlo approach.

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